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A new species of *Hadroocorys* Quinn, 1980 from northern Sri Lanka

(Mollusca, Gastropoda, Cassidae)

By Kurt Kreipl & Heinrich Mühlhäusser

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Hadroocorys dorae, spec. nov. is described and compared with the other known species of the genus *Hadroocorys: Hadroocorys verrilli* (Dall, 1889) from the Lesser Antilles and *Hadroocorys tosaensis* (Habe & Azuma 1959) from Japan.

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Introduction

The genus *Hadroocorys* was created by Quinn (1980) for two species of the Oocorythidae (*O. verrilli* and *O. tosaensis*) with thick, heavy shells, a varicose and strongly denticulate outer lip, and a colemellar lip with heavy, strongly ridged callus. A third species of this genus is described herein.

Hadroocorys dorae, spec.nov.

Figs 1, 2

Types. Holotype: 42.8 mm × 27.8 mm, Palk Strait, northern Sri Lanka (Zoologische Staatssammlung München, eing. Kat. Nr. 1996 483) – Paratype 1: 46.9 mm × 31.4 mm, same locality (Coll. Kreipl, Öhringen-Cappell); Paratype 2: 47 mm × 29.9 mm, same locality (Coll. Mühlhäusser, Freiburg).

Type locality: Palk Strait, northern Sri Lanka, in a depth of about 120 m.

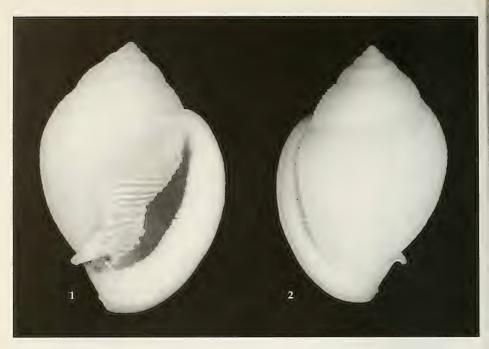
Description of holotype

Height: 42.8 mm, width: 27.8 mm; protoconch small and smooth, consisting of 2½ whorls; shell very solid and heavy, ovate with 5 whorls on teleoconch; spire moderately high and body whorl large with 27 spiral cords crossed by numerous fine growth lines which gives the surface a slightly reticulate appearance; aperture elongate and rather narrow, constricted near the posterior end; outer lip very much thickened, inner side of outer lip with 24 very strong, elongate teeth which run inwardly a short distance from the edge; parietal lip with heavy callus marked by strong ridges and elongate pustules; siphonal canal very short. Colour chalky white.

Description of paratype 1

Height: 46.9 mm, width: 31.4 mm; spiral cords and growth lines a little more prominent than in holotype; teleochonch consisting of 6 whorls. Colour creamy white.

Etymology. We dedicate this new species to Miss Dora Jaegle, Öhringen.



Figs 1, 2. Hadroocorys dorae, spec. nov. Holotype. 1. Ventral view. 2. Dorsal view.

Discussion

Hadroocorys dorae, spec.nov. differs from both other known species of the genus, H. verrilli (Dall, 1889) and H. tosaensis (Habe & Azuma, 1959), by larger size (33 mm in verrilli and 32 mm in tosaensis), higher spire, more numerous spiral cords on the body whorl (19 in verrilli and 23 in tosaensis), and lack of a canaliculate suture.

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